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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/544,149	08/01/2005	Francis X. Smith	3009079 US01	6440
	7590 06/10/200 ARCLAY, LLP	EXAMINER		
2000 HSBC PL	AZA	BASQUILL, SEAN M		
100 Chestnut Street ROCHESTER, NY 14604-2404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1612	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/10/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)	
		,149	SMITH, FRANCIS X.	
Office Action Summar	Examir	er	Art Unit	
	Sean B	asquill	1612	
The MAILING DATE of this com Period for Reply	munication appears on	the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIC WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM TH - Extensions of time may be available under the prov after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxim - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three more armed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704	E MAILING DATE OF isions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no communication. um statutory period will apply and reply will, by statute, cause the anths after the mailing date of this	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be a will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communic IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
 Responsive to communication(s This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condiction closed in accordance with the p 	2b)∏ This action is tion for allowance exce	s non-final. pt for formal matters, p		ts is
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the day Of the above claim(s) 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to research are subject to research.	is/are withdrawn from o			
9) The specification is objected to b	v the Evaminer			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is, Applicant may not request that any Replacement drawing sheet(s) inclu 11) The oath or declaration is objected.	dare: a) accepted or objection to the drawing(solding the correction is req	s) be held in abeyance. S uired if the drawing(s) is c	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a cl a) All b) Some * c) None of 1. Certified copies of the prior 2. Certified copies of the prior 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior copies of the certified copies of the prior copies of the prior copies of the prior copies of the certified c	of: prity documents have bority documents have bority documents have bories of the priority documentional Bureau (PCT R	een received. een received in Applica ments have been recei Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage	;
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revi 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants are advised, in future correspondence with the office, to reflect the change of examiners from TRISTAN MAHYERA to SEAN BASQUILL.

Status of the Claims

1. Applicants amended Claim set submitted with the response filed 31 March 2009 has been entered. Claims 3, 6, and 7 have been amended and new Claims 8-15 have been entered.

Claims 1-15 are presented for examination.

Previous Rejections

2. Applicants' arguments, filed 31 March 2009, have been fully considered. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

3. Claims 1, 3-6, 8-10, and 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,817,277 ("Mowrey-McKee").

Mowrey-McKee teaches a method and solution for disinfecting contact lenses comprising 0.00001-0.1% PHMB and 50-200 ppm (0.005-0.02%) hydrogen peroxide. (Claims 1 & 3). The

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solution is further described as containing additional ingredients such as tonicity agents, surfactants, and viscosity agents (C.3, L.2125), as well as additional microbicides including polyquaternium-1 (also known as POLYQUAD) (C.3, L.5-10) and ophthalmically acceptable chelating agents, including EDTA and citric acid. (C.2, l. 36-59). A specific example of a solution described by Mowrey-McKee contains 0.001% POLYQUAD polyquaternium-1, a quaternary ammonium compound. (C.7, L.29-30). In addition, as put forth in the previous rejection, pages 3-4, Mowrey-McKee describes the use of a buffered solution employing buffers such as tromethamine (C.2, L.16-35), and their use in a container (i.e. a vial)with sufficient amount of solution to cover the lens. (C.3, L.66 - C.4, L.4).

Mowrey-McKee does not specifically the claimed range of peroxide producing agent, although the ranges as claimed and those described in Mowrey-McKee overlap. In addition, Mowrey-McKee does not describe one specific embodiment containing all of the above described elements as claimed.

That being said, however, it must be remembered that "[w]hen a patent simply arranges old elements with each performing the same function it had been known to perform and yields no more than one would expect from such an arrangement, the combination is obvious." *KSR v. Teleflex*, 127 S.Ct. 1727, 1740 (2007) (quoting *Sakraida v. A.G. Pro*, 425 U.S. 273, 282 (1976)). "[W]hen the question is whether a patent claiming the combination of elements of prior art is obvious", the relevant question is "whether the improvement is more than the predictable use of prior art elements according to their established functions." (*Id.*). Addressing the issue of obviousness, the Supreme Court noted that the analysis under 35 USC 103 "need not seek out precise teachings directed to the specific subject matter of the challenged claim, for a court can

take account of the inferences and creative steps that a person of ordinary skill in the art would employ." *KSR v. Teleflex*, 127 S.Ct. 1727, 1741 (2007). The Court emphasized that "[a] person of ordinary skill is... a person of ordinary creativity, not an automaton." *Id.* at 1742.

Consistent with this reasoning, it would have obvious to have selected various combinations of microbicides such as PHMB and polyquatermium-1, chelating agents such as EDTA from within a prior art disclosure, to arrive at compositions "yielding no more than one would expect from such an arrangement." Also, while Mowrey-McKee does not disclose the exact values of peroxide as claimed, the disclosed ranges indeed overlap: in such instances even a slight overlap in range establishes a *prima facie* case of obviousness. *In re Peterson*, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382 (Fed. Cir. 2003).

4. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mowrey-McKee as applied to claims 1, 3-6, 8-10, and 12-15, above, and further in view of U.S. Patent 4,758,595 ("Ogunbiyi")

Mowrey-McKee describes contact lens solutions comprising PHMB, microbicides, surfactants and chelating agents as described above, but does not specifically encompass the polymeric biguanide having between 5-20 repeating units.

Ogunbiyi teaches the biguanide of instant claim 2, with n preferably between 3-8 repeating units. (C.3, L.57-61). Ogunbiyi also indicates the instant cationic polymer is compatible with other antimicrobial agents (C.3, L.34-36), recommending the use of such compositions in ranges of between 0.00001-0.5% (C.7, L.18-25), including n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides. (C.7, L.38-45).

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It would have been prima facie obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to have used the biguanide and n-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides of Ogunbiyi as the cationic polymer and antimicrobial respectively of Mowrey-McKee. One having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would have been motivated to do so because, by the express teaching of Ogunbiyi, recognized their suitability as equivalents to the ophthalmically useful polymers and antimicrobials described by Mowrey-McKee. The combination of two compositions, each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for same purpose, in order to form a third composition to be used for the very same purpose, is *prima facie* obvious. The idea for combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art. MPEP 2144.06.

Double Patenting

5. Claims 1-7 stand provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Claims 1-6 and 8 of Copending application 11/613,050 for the reasons put forth in the previous action.

This rejection is maintained since applicant has (effectively) not responded to the rejection in a substantive manner. See 37 CFR § 1.111(b) and MPEP § 714.02.

Conclusion

No Claims are allowable.

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Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sean Basquill whose telephone number is (571) 270-5862. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, between 8AM and 6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frederick Krass can be reached on (571) 272-0580. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Sean Basquill Art Unit 1612

> /Frederick Krass/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1612